by those laws to be entirely neglected. From the return or the Asympton of the ways mentioned in the Britain or France, has any difficulty distribute or rebellion, against the authorthe boundaries of many regiments we amended constitution.

Britain or France, has any difficulty distribute or rebellion, against the authorthe boundaries of many regiments we amended constitution. eral made last year, it appears that in among the boundaries of many regiments we he boundaries of many regiments we have and in some already. It will probably shorten your session, consequences emanating from such an I have received from my predecessor. The Coners of law in Great Bris-communications from several of the Regimental staff officers, but no companies or company officers. Although revive the frequent trainings of the militia, or the parades, which were codsidered by some, as ostentatious and expensive ; yet an organization conformable to the laws of the United States. into companies, regiments, brigades and divisions, and a requirement that arms should be provided, and for the annual impection of those arms, appears to me to be required by the laws of the United States. A reliance upon the uniform militin alone, and not on the whole body of citizens enrolled according to law, does not seem to answer the requirement.

The necessity of a strict and rigid economy, in the disbursements of the finances of the State, is too obvious to require a particular notice. Our resources are mostly derived by a direct tax on the people; we are only stewards of the public funds, and are not at liberty to use them for the gratification of our friends, to promote any selfish vens. An extravagant and wasteful expenditure of the public money is an cril to which all governments, of whatever form, are exposed. These remarks I am sensible are somewhat trite, and have so often been made and diswgarded, that any one, who repeats them, hazards his reputation for politied sagneity, and exposes himself to inrinuations, unfavorable to his sincerity and patriotism. When I reflect upon the great increase of the expenditures of this State since I first commenced public life, altogether disproportionate to the increased population and business; and when I compare them with the expenses of other States in the Union, and find how small a part of our expenditures are paid in salaries, to those who are called into public service and are entitled by the principles of the constitution to a reasonable compensation; and inasmuch as the attenion of the Legislature was called but a few years since to this subject by one of my predecessors; and more especially by the Council of censors, whose duty it is "to inquire in what manner the public money has been disposed of."thought it not improper or unsuitable to bring it to your notice in the annual message, and shall dismiss it with this remark, that no reform should be attempted unless called for by the public good, nor until the whole subject is fully and thoroughly considered, lest by partial attempts, not duly reflected upon, the evil should be aggravated and not remedied.

The taxing wild and uncultivated land, as well as the practice which has prevailed in the Legislature, in the reor parts of acts, by a mere reference to the number of the chapter and section, without any mention of the subject or

tostile legislation.

It may be said of our railroads, con- tile. spital of individuals, that the public us sensibly in our connection with the which I on that account district their and benefit to attend E. J. HALLOCK. are experiencing largely the benefits other States, in a great degree influ- integrity or patriotism, or endeavor to aforded to all the important interests encing the action of the General Gov- cast reproach upon their motives of the state by that capital, and the un- ernment, which I would gladly have paralleled energy and industry which omitted at this time, as I believe a large base been displayed in their construct proportion of our fellow citizens coin- stitutional limits, on this or any other is supplied to Subscribers, for \$ 3.5.9 a year ave hazarded their wealth, and given tary servitude. But the attitude astheir whole time and energies to these sumed by some of the States, and the dangerous collision between the Genertrest undertakings, will find their re- conventions of the people under their al Government and that of any of the ward in the profits of their capital and authority, threatening a dissolution of States. A more peaceable method is labor, to which they are justly entitled, the Union, unless their views are acce- provided to settle any controversies beand will receive amply the countenance ded to by Congress; as the proceedings tween them. We have no reason to ure and high-minded people.

the security to be given by sheriffs and lature heretofore, I can see no principle to obtain admission into the Union, will help builiffs. The legislature are also advanced which ought to be abandoned be among the foremost in their attack-

"cancy in both the effices of Governor abelishing it, is not a new question in and the last to countenance, extenuare and Lieutenant Governor, occasion-political history. Neither in Great or apologue, for a spirit of treasonable

that the appointment of several officers tain, long since held that it could have States, which will, at an early day, be which has heretofore been made by the no legitimate existence in that country, transmitted to you. Among these, is a Legislature is now made by the people. as it was done under the provisions of the first constitution of this State.

The term of office of one of our Senafors in Congress will expire on the third of March next; it is incumbent from and after that time.

I am informed by my predecessor, lenced by the most eminent statesmen and communicate the information to and by the prelates of their church, and the legislature, that under the act of 1849, entitled an act relating to inter- is treated as ultra and fanatical. The national, literary and scientific exchan- language of our Declaration of Indoges, he has appointed Mons. A. Vat- pendence, when incorporated into a dectemare and George F. Houghton agents; and that under the act of 1849, entitled an act making an appropriation for the Washington Monument, he constituted to have immediately effected the aboli-Henry Stanley of Poultney, ngent.

which, although they cannot be the beyond its territorial limit. The ex-subject of immediate legislation by us, tent of the powers of the General Govand manufacturing interests should be or at this time to attempt to define the patronized and protected. The basi- limits of their constitutional powers, against foreign capital and labor. It is state and escaping into another, would to be hoped that this protection will be give to the General Government all the again afforded. Although a political authority on this subject, which the necessity may have justified the act of most ardent friend of freedom could Congress of 1833, which, apparently, desire. of the agricultural interest in wealth, ject of a protective tariff.

peal, alteration, or modification of acts, gress, by the President of the United any and every attempt, to uphold, ex-States, in his annual message in Decemnature of the provision repealed, alter- Treasury, accompanying the message of ciples of christianity. I will only add, ed, or modified, were under the consid- the President, pointed out more in de- that for myself I cannot assent to the eration of the council of censors, and tail the measures to be adopted and the proposition, which has sometimes been particularly noticed in their address to benefit to be derived, and placed beyond advanced, that any State may establish the people. For this reason, I deem it cavil or dispute, the wisdom and pro- slavery where it is not now recognized. proper to call the attention of the Leg. priety of the recommendation of the or that it was among the enumerated slature to the subject, and would refer President. The just expectations of powers of Congress, to impose any obthem to the address of the council of the country, on this subject, have not ligation on their successors, to admit censors for the views entertained by been realized. Owing to a want of any State thereafter without such re-The General Government not have executive and legislative branches of Any such attempt of the law-making ing thought proper to perform their fis- government, in their views of general power, must be considered as an encal operations, through the medium of policy, and in the efforts of the latter croachment on the rights of their suca bank created under their authority, to thwart and oppose the policy of the cessors, and an interference with the after such an institution had been in former, a long and profitless session of department, to which the constitution operation for a long time and had re- Congress has been spent in the attempt has entrusted the duty of making treacaved the countenance and sanction of to compromise that which is not the ties, which are to be the supreme law every branch of the government, and subject of compromise, and to conciliate of the land, having resorted to a system for collect- where conciliation was not due. The My opinions on these subjects are ing the revenue, and safe keeping the great and substantial interests of agri- probably well known to my fellow citisame, the utility of which remains yet culture, commerce, and manufactures, zens; they have been formed upon to be tested, but which does not afford have been neglected, and unprovided careful and deliberate inquiry, have any circulating medium; the business for, and the recommendation of the been thus frankly and fear lessly expressof providing a currency and aiding the President received but little, if any, at- ed, and will influence me in all my pubagricultural, manufacturing and com- tention from Congress, or the commitmercial interest of the people by the tees to whom the subject was referred. how far they are the opinins of others; establishment of banks, devolved upon We cannot but hope that at another I profess not to speak, in this matter, in the States. This State has found it to session of Congress, such a tariff will the name of any party or class of my be convenient and useful, and I may be adopted as will answer the reasonaid necessary, to establish such institu- able expectation of the manufacturer people read, reflect and decide for themtions, under suitable regulations, in such and producer. Those who feel the nenumbers and such places, as the con- cossity of such a protection, having act together on all the important subvenience and interest of the communi- seen no good effects from the compromty might require. There banks have ise heretofore made with those who and on this one in particular. I have performed their duty with fidelity, and threatened an armed resistance, should the highest respect for the opinion of tave greatly aided private enterprise hesitate, before they again yield to those who entertain different views, and and in works of public improvement.— threats of a similar character, as they whose convictions of duty are not the They will undoubtedly receive, as they might thereby disaffect those who feel same as mine; and can cheerfully and justly deserve, the countenance of the a deep interest with them, and can have cordially cooperate with them, in any egislature, and not be embarrassed with but little expectation of gaining to their measures to promote the interest and

structed by private enterprise, and the There is another subject, affecting claim for my own opinions, if I should, on. It is to be hoped that those who cide in opinion in relation to involunand patronage of an intelligent legisla- of this State, have been treated with believe that any considerable portion of disrespect, and reproach in places where our fellow citizens, or any single State. Since the last meeting of the General respect to the proceedings of every or any number combined, will incur the Assembly, several important amend- sovereign State should be studiously hazard of a treasonable opposition to ments to the constitution, recommended observed; and as there has been some the laws of the United States, without by the council of censors, have been disposition to find an apology for their any prospect of success, in a cause slopted by a convention of the people, violent proceedings, in consequence of where they cannot expect the sympatical become a part of the organic law the action, which those who are oppositive or assistance of any part of the of the State. Some additional legisla- ed to involuntary servitude have thought civilized world, and when either success ton may be found necessary to extend it their duty to take, it becomes us to or defeat must be alike fatal to the inthe provisions of the law in relation to review the ground we have assumed, stitutions to which they so pertinaciousthe several officers which are herethere to be made in pursuance of the several officers which are herethere to be made in pursuance of the several officers which are herethere to be made in pursuance of the several officers which are herethere to be made in pursuance of the several officers which are herethere is a several officers which are the several of provision is also required, in relation to review of the proceedings of the legis- ple of the State of Vermont, the first

"Governor when there shall be a va- existence of slavery, and the duty of maintain the integrity of the Union; to represent this State for six years colonies, and were urged in vain .-Their arguments were effectually siin larguage, too, which in this country laration of rights in the constitution of a neighboring state, was held by the learned judicial tribunals of that state tion of slavery in that state. It is not under one general government, we have ed by the legislature of any state on a variety of interests to be promoted, this subject, can have any operation may be affected in a greater or less de- crument may admit of more doubt. I by our action. Our agricultural am not disposed to discuss this question, ness of the latter is subject to more vi- within which they are restrained; and cissitudes than the former, and is the will only observe, that a more limited first to feel the effects of uncertain and construction of the powers of Congress. injudicious legislation. As capital, as than was exercised by them in the inwell as labor, are required for the suc- corporation of Texas with the United cessful operation of manufactures, they States, or in passing the late net, in reshould receive an adequate protection lation to persons held to service in one

recognised a system of ad valorem du- I have no means of knowing how far ties, to be thereafter adhered to, yet af- the late action of Congress upon the ter the experience we have had under several matters connected with slavery, the present tariff of 1846, the necessity is sa isfactory to a majority of the peoof again resorting to a system of specific ple of this State; all of those measures and protecting duties is apparent, which did not receive the sanction of the vote both wisdom and experience demon- of their representatives. If it lead to vince that the confidence reposed in him strate to be the only safeguard against a more thorough investigation of the fraudulent importations. The increase powers of the General Government. and to an inquiry, what rights are seand the improvement in their farms and cured and what duties enjoined, it may flocks, may be attributed to the protec- be productive of useful results. At are in the service of their country, so tion which was heretofore afforded them. any rate it will tend to a determination With us, at least, there should be no di- to exercise whatever authority may yet versity of thought or action on the sub- be left, to protect liberty and freedom. The people of Vermont will, as they The establishment of an agricultural always have done, yield due submission bureau, to be connected with the De- to whatever a majority within their appartment of the Interior, recommended propriate limits may enact, and will reby the General Assembly at our last sort to no threats of hostile opposition; session, as well as a revision of the ex- but when the time and opportunity shall isting tariff, so as to give due encourage- arrive, that they can, in unison with a express the hope, that under the guidment to manufactures and a new and majority of the people and States in increased stimulus to agriculture by a Congress, exercise any legitimate ausystem of specific duties, was strongly therity on this subject, they will be our Preserver and Protector, we may nrged upon the consideration of Con- found the uncompromising enemy of be led to the adoption of such measures, ber last. The lucid reports of the mial to the spirit of our republican in-Secretaries of the Interior, and the stitutions, and so abhorrent to the princoincidence of sentiment between the strictions as they might think proper,

lie relations. It it is not for me to say, selves, and will undoubtedly ultimately jects which affect the general welfare,

I have no fears that any action of the General Government within their consubject, will in any way endanger the existence of the Union or produce any

required to "provide by a general or yielded either to menace or a desire ment to the cause of civil liberty and tarred teacher has declaring what officer shall act as for conciliation. The legality of the freedom, and in their determination to find the

In Parliament, every argument of ex. communication from the Governor of pediency, the claims of vested rights, of Virginia, returning the resolutions of the rights to property, and even the authority of the Holy Scriptures, were ted to him at their request. It will burged by the West India planters and recollected, that a similar proceeding mercantile interest connected with was had by the State of Virginia, a few on the Legislature to elect a Senator them, in favor of its continuance in their years since. Accompanying this communication of the Government of Vir ginin is a copy of a resolution of their General Assembly, requesting that the resolutions from the State of Vermont "he returned to the Governor of Vermont, and that the Covernor of Vermost be informed that the Legislature of Virginia understand their constitutional rights, and mean to defend them." How far such a resolution comports with the dignity of the State of Virginia I am not disposed to inquire, and it cannot be determined by comparison, In our connection with other States contended by any one, that a law coact- as no similar resolution from any other State has ever been received. That it illy accords with the respect and courbeyond its territorial limits. The ex- tesy due from one state to another, in the intercourse between soverign states, is apparent. The surprise at receiving such a communication is diminished by the reflection, that ancient states, like ancient families, when in the course of events they cease to be first, and thereby their dignity and importance is impaired, are apt to betray a spirit of haughtiness, and treat with contumely those who, in the same course of event-, are elevated to an equality with them.

> feelings, if I omitted to advert to the late striking and afflicting dispensation of the Almighty, in the death of him, who had been elevated to the high and exalted station of President of the U. States. The unanimity with which all classes paid homage to his integrity and bonesty of purpose & his attainments to the interests of his country, his elevated patriotism, his energy of character, and his splendid achievements, plainly e-

should do injustice to my own

peace, and increase the happiness of the people of this State and of the United tend or continue a system, so unconge- peace, and increase the happiness of the

CH. K. WILLIAMS. Executive Chamber. Mantpelier, Oct. 12th, 1850.

CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY. New Goods. LUTHER DANIELS

coods, embracing a great variety of

Bay State Shawls. TRIMMINGS. BONNET RIBBONS

ETC. ETC.
all of which will be sold at prices which canof fail to satisfy. October 16, 15-0.

Parallel Railway Axles. GEORGE GARDINER & CO., 5 Liberty

Square, Boston, offer for sale Parallel Rail-way Axles of superior quality. The Parallel Axles, from late experiments in England, have been shown by Mr. G. B. Thorneycrott to be superior to any others in use 40 2m.

Castleton Seminary.

THE next quarter of this Institution will commence the 11th of Nov. next. Owing to the increased number of female students, it is necessary to appropriate all the rooms of the Seminary Building to the use of young ladies, and provision will be made in the v.f. lage, to hoard young gentlemen students, at an equal or less price than they have heretofore obtained board in the Semmary. The Semmar, is now undergoing a thorough repair, and the rooms v. if be carneted and made laties at the commencement of the next quarter. There will be held a Teacher's Instdute in the Seminary commencing on Mon-day the 2-th of October, and closing Friday might thereby disaffect those who feel a deep interest with them, and can have but little expectation of gaining to their interest those who have ever been hose interest those who have ever been hose interest common country. I and board can be obtained in the Seminary should be wanting in that indulgence. or in town at a reasonable price. All these who are intending to teach the coming win-claim for my own opinions, if I should, ter will, I trust, find it for their improvement

Castleten, Oct. 12, 1850.

HARPER'S New Monthly Magazine

ce of pustage, by H. L. STENCER

Fact rember of this work contains 150 pages printed on beautiful paper and is deededly the best as well as the cheapest magone ever published.
Harper's Magazine has a subscription list

over 50,000 which is constantly increas-

BENOVAL.

JOHN QUILTY. MERCHANT TAILOR,

Clonk and Press Goods.

MILLINERY GOODS ich, Buy State, Waterloo, Cuckmere and SILE SHAWLS.

and a growral assortion its of DRY GOODS GROCERIES, CROCK ERY, GLASS and for sale by D P HELL, ERV. GLASS AND HARDWARE.

Aotice.

Butland, Oct. 14, 1850.

WHEREAS my wife Lydin has been my bed and board without any just raiser or previousling, therefore, this is to forbid all persons

TO Officers, Suldiers, Widows,
AND HEIRS.

THE subscribers having established an agen
cy for obtaining beauty lands and pensions
under the set of 1850, are now prepared to
obtain fixed a served in the war of 1812 for
time mouth of note.

Also all such as served in any of the Indian wars since 1710.

All commissioned officers, who served in
a wars since 1710.

All commissioned officers who served in
a wars since 1710.

All commissioned officers who served in
a wars since 1710.

All commissioned officers who served in
a wars since 1710.

All commissioned officers who served in any of the Indian wars since 1710.

All commissioned officers who served in the war of 1812 for
the mouth of note.

Also all such as served in any of the Indian wars since 1710.

All commissioned officers who served in
All commissioned officers who served in
All commissioned officers who served in any of the Indian wars since 1710.

All commissioned officers who served in
All commissioned officers who served in
All commissioned officers who served in
All commissioned officers who served in any of the Indian wars since 1710.

All commissioned officers who served in
All commissio

one mouth at more.

Also all such as served in any of the Indian wars since 1730.

Also enhanced officers who served in the war with Mexicone as follows, to war.

Those who enhanced for one year and served.

Express Childe Train for Chambridge and These where instelled to the year and served in months are entitled to 110 acres.

These where instelled to 110 acres.

It we months are entitled to 80 acres.

All others who served one month, or as

Express Childe Team for Completing and increase.

Fighton Markets, leaves Burnington every Parelle on the month of the Completing of the Completing and the Completing of th

egulars, volunteers, rangers, or indits are STATE OF VERNOVE The it remed outlied to 40 acres.

The widows of soldiers who were killed in a special session of the Probate Court of the author, are entitled to 100 acres.

there be no widows, the minor hours of the officers or soldiers are entitled to the A. D. 1850.

2 Persons for life are due to all such welcomes of Revolutionary officers or soldiers of they were married part to 18.0.

Lorenza december 18.0.

Lore

bits splendid achievements, planing event, the confidence reposed in him by the people was not misplaced. This striking event, should teach us the nothingness of all earthly splendor and greatness, and should admonish those who are in the service of their country, so to perform what is required of them, that in their last moments they may have the consolation of being able say, as he said, "I have always done my dity—I am ready to die."

Permit me to assure you of my cordial co-operation with you, in all your endeavors to advance the public welfare, and the happiness of the people, and to express the loop, that under the guilt ance, and with the blessing of that Almighty Being, who has hitherto been our Preserver and Protector, we may be led to the adoption of such measures, and a contact of account the angles of the adoption of such measures, being the said court to be del at the public welfare, and the happiness of the people, and to express the loop, that under the guilt ance, and with the blessing of that Almighty Being, who has hitherto been our Preserver and Protector, we may be led to the adoption of such measures, the decree of the residue of said courts of the adoption of such measures, the decree of the residue of said courts of the said court to the fact and the said error of this order that all persons and there appear before said courts of the said courts of the said court to be adoption of such measures, the decree of the residue of said exceeds the said court to be adoption of such measures. The such that the said that notice thereof be given by publishing a cretified copy of the record of this corder that all persons of the consolation of the read state of said exceeds the said that notice thereof be given by publishing a cretified copy of the record of said that notice thereof be given and two said to said the said to the feet at the said to the said said to the count of the said to the count of the said to the count of the said that notice thereof the said to the said that notice thereof the s

the examination of said account to addewance and such derice as to the asset in Year hands on the rendition of end account as to said product court shall seem preper be said they bereby are reserved to a stated section of said Probate Court to be held at the Office of the Retisterof said Court in and Ruthand matter at the State of Jon Smith late of Walling Frail Bottomy of the State of the Retisterof said Court in and Ruthand matter at the State of Jon Smith late of Walling Frail Bottomy of the theory of Newtwher, A. D. 1830 and that notice thereof be given by multiplining a certified only of the record of the order three weeks successively previous thereto la the Ruthand Herald a new paper product of a construct of

MERRIFI NORTON, bleen Tenmonth in said district, deceased, represented insulvent and we months from the 12th day of Aur. bring allowed by some for the persons, we do therefore heavy give notice that we will attend to the time, one of our soil appointment, at the dwelling horse at John Northeon, the 31 Months of October next, fourly o'r lock, a, m, and day, HALVEY SHAW, Commissioners 12th (ORR), PHEN (ORR), Dated Thereouth, Sept. 10, 1252

BOUTS & SHUES,

BOUTS & SHUES,

BOUTS & SHUES,

Complexioners

S. H. ROLBROOK,

Manufacturer and Dealer on

BOUTS & SHUES, of all kinds, also Good warranted Double Soled Boots by the dozen, West Rutland, Sept. 3, 1-50,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
WOILLD inform his friends and entomores that the has removed his earthfurned by the profit of the

A true copy of secred. HALL, Register.

and this day made application to said probat-

lew and Splendid Steamers

Rail Road Opened

RITLAND TO TROY.

O' and after Member October 7, the care the Russiand and We Mington Railread in

frave Casting, while Regions on 3,40 or event A. M. controlling with the morning Trans too his and of Technol. P. M. controlling with the Paperts Trans for Burtington.

Rutland & Burlington Rails oad

NEW ARRANGEMENT

DAY and NIGHT LINE

mmeneing Wednesday, Oct 2, 1850

MichiganCentral Railroad Line tie I strait and New Pullife, building the parenge

WHITEHALL TO CHICAGO Laprens Train for Burtington Love England at 11 webset A M from Express Train from Burtington to Train said at 113 o'clock P M from Express Train from Boston CHA'S I PRISS OTT Court for IN SIXTY HOURS.

A Boat leaves Whitehalf some in each work the real states of persons and a state of the second of the real persons are used find it to their interest in the real persons at the second of the real persons at the second of the real persons at the second of the real persons are always at the above the real persons are always at attendance to focus of persons are always at the above to be a second or the real persons are always at the above to be a second or the second of the s

W. S. LDDY, Proprietor, Whitehall, M QUAN Clampion Stamon, N T ELLIOT Entland VI. J F PANGHORN For Heavy, W-H, BEALS, Schemetary, 2011 N MYELS, Purlington.

Notice.

Title constructed phereinfree cristing and der the first of Circumst & Locomb, is this day by motual content dissolved. CHARLES GLEMENT, W. H. I. ISCOMB. Rutlend, Sept 24th, 1630. 37

A TRAP to Catch a Sunbeam, just received by Spiritor.

Dr. William's U NIVERSAL Remeds for Rheumstein, To-

A.c., a cure in all cases warranted. For sale by Spender. Price 50 cents. A Sare Knives and an Biotake. H. L. Spen-er has just received a lot of packet out-iery—from the Watsiville Manufactors, vary-main rate from that of a prace of Chalk to the little and of nothing storpened, all of which be

extremis to his ference.

without of Revolutionary officers or soldiers of they were married prior to 1850.

Increased pension are due to all such widows whose husbands were pensioned under the act of 1818. We shall be ready to at tend to applications at our office at all times 40.11. THRALL & SMITH Ruiland, Oct. 15, 1850.

STATE OF VERMONT. (DEstruction of the Product Court of the and owners thereof. The card of the product Court of the and owners thereof.

STATE OF VERMONT. (DEstruction of the Product Court of the and owners thereof. The card of the sand district, an advision of said reversion among the heirs and owners thereof.

STATE OF VERMONT. (DEstruction of the Product Court of the and owners thereof. The office, it is ordered by the said Frobate Court, that the order of said division and the appointment of commissioners to make said or the said district, on the 27th day of Sept. A. D. 1850.

Whereas Das part of 180 in the said of the said of

At true copy of record.

At true copy of record.

BY STATE OF VERMONT, The it remembered before an Castleton alores and, on the first Words stay, it being the Gib day of Navem be recent of the Propose that a special section of the Propose Control the aid district of Ratiandheid at Ratiand in and for and district of Ratiandheid at Ratiand in and for and district on the 15th day of October A.D. 1850.

Present, Hon. Harvey Button, Judge.

Winerans Russel Fish and Bradley Fish, Executors of the lost will and testiment of Preserved Fish, late of Ira, in said district, deceased, restate, have thus day, made application to said Probate Court, proposing to pade and account of their administration of the restation of their administration of the restation of said account for allowable and on the restation of said account for allowable and probate court shall recomprise to relation the restation of said account for allowable and probate Court for said bearing.

Therefore, it is ordered by said Court, that the examination of said account is to said probate court shall recomprise to the assets in their hands on the residition of said account as to said probate court shall recomprise and they when the first probate court shall recomprise and they are all the residition of said account as to said probate court shall recomprise and they are all the said hearing.

Present, Hon. Harvey Button, Judge.

Also Wessers, Judge.

STATE OF VERMONT, 2 Be it remembered by the feelth at the probate of fine the first wing the first district of fine the first wing the probate of first and with the probate of first and the first district doctors of first and the probate of first and the first district doctors of first and the probate of first and the first district of the first the first district of first and the first district of first and the first district of first and the first district on the first district of the first district of first and the first

ALTON WARNES, Judge.

DENTISTRY. Dr. E. V. N. HARWOOD, DENTAL SURGEON.

RESPICATE LLY are uncerto the citizens of Ruche-parolyte-part that he will be at his frome at the Franklin II fed, on Monday, the 7th and remove a long as barkers shall require when he will be happy to resolve calls from any deriving his professionals raises. All operations performed in a careful, shiften, thorough manner, and warranted. 36 2 a 5.

REMOVAL FROM QUINCY HALL "SIMMONS BLOCK."

John Simmons & Co. hatte the public and their former energmenta

STATE OF VERMONT, And it is not interest READY HADE CLOTHING, Now on exhibition at their new grant CLOTHING HOUSE

Corner of Congress and Water Street, BOSTON. 28:2m

as this sky made represents to said product, proposing to reader to a second of her administration of raid estate.

Therefore, it is ordered by said court that the examination of raid account for allowance to a retain portion of the personal contact the personal contact of an idecursed, and a decree of the read decree of the raid decr West Bors by the dozen,
West Rutland, Sept 3, 1850.

DEADY MADE CLOTHING agreat variety
Lifety Care, Boors and Shoos.
Contre Rutland, Oct 3, 1850.

Contre Rutland, Oct 3, 1850.

DO BAY STATE SHAWLS, including every variety of cultors and spinity.
Contre Rutland, Oct 3, 1850.

DO BAY STATE SHAWLS, including every variety of cultors and spinity.
Contre Rutland, Oct 3, 1850.

DO BAY STATE SHAWLS, including every variety of cultors and spinity.
Contre Rutland, Oct 3, 1850.

DO BAY STATE SHAWLS, including every variety of cultors and spinity.
Contre Rutland, Oct 3, 1850.

DO BAY STATE SHAWLS, including a control in the state of the client of raid decreased in a substant of the state of the client of raid decreased in a substant of the state of the client of the clien